

¡Bienvenidos a nuestra lección de español!

Hola Y6 and welcome to our Spanish lesson!

Don't forget to use "Linguascope" to help you go over/learn new vocabulary (words)

The next slide will show you how to log on to Linguascope.



Linguascope log on

- Search for <https://www.linguascope.com>
- Click on **Log in**
- **Username** = stcats
- **Password** = langs4life
- Click on **Let's go**
- Click on **Beginner**
- Click on **Yellow and red flag**
- Click on one of the new topics, or go over a topic that we have already learnt. All of the topics are very useful for High School, so just choose the ones you are interested in.
- Click on **Introducción** & then practise the words.
- Click on **iEscucha!** and do this exercise to see if you're ready for the games.
- Play the games.
- If you have a printer at home, you could print the worksheet by clicking on **Imprime una ficha**.



La lección para esta semana. Lesson for this week!



- In this week's Spanish lesson, we are going to start to learn how to conjugate (form) the present tense of regular AR verbs.
- We need to know the subject pronouns that we studied last week to help us form the present tense.
- Before we start to learn about the present tense we are going to do some revision of the subject pronouns first. On the next slide, the subject pronouns are mixed up. Can you match them up correctly?
- Don't forget to use the power point in slide show mode. The lesson will work better that way.

Empareja - Match up!



Yo =

Tú =

Él =

Ella =

Nosotros =

Nosotras =

Vosotros =

Vosotras =

Ellos =

Ellas =

I

She

You (when talking to 1 person)

He

They (when talking about males)

They (when talking about females)

We (when talking about males)

We (when talking about females)

You (when talking to more than 1 male person)

You (when talking to more than 1 female person)

Respuestas - Answers

Yo = I

Tú = You (when talking to 1 person)

Él = He

Ella = She

Nosotros = We (when talking about males)

Nosotras = We (when talking about females)

Vosotros = You (when talking to more than 1 male person)

Vosotras = You (when talking to more than 1 female person)

Ellos = They (when talking about males)

Ellas = They (when talking about females)



Don't forget ...

You will need to know these also:

Usted = You (when talking to one person, that you don't know)

Ustedes = You (when talking to more than one person that you don't know)

It's too confusing to learn these as well as the other subject pronouns, but just try to remember that they exist.



In Spanish there are three types of verbs...

There are:

ar, er and ir verbs.

e.g. **hablar**, **comer** and **vivir**.

Do you know why they are called ar, er and ir verbs?

... because they end in ar, er and ir.

Hablar, **comer** and **vivir**.

Some verbs are regular which means they are conjugated (formed) in the same way.

Some verbs are irregular which means they are not conjugated in the same way. You must learn these off by heart at KS3. Sorry!

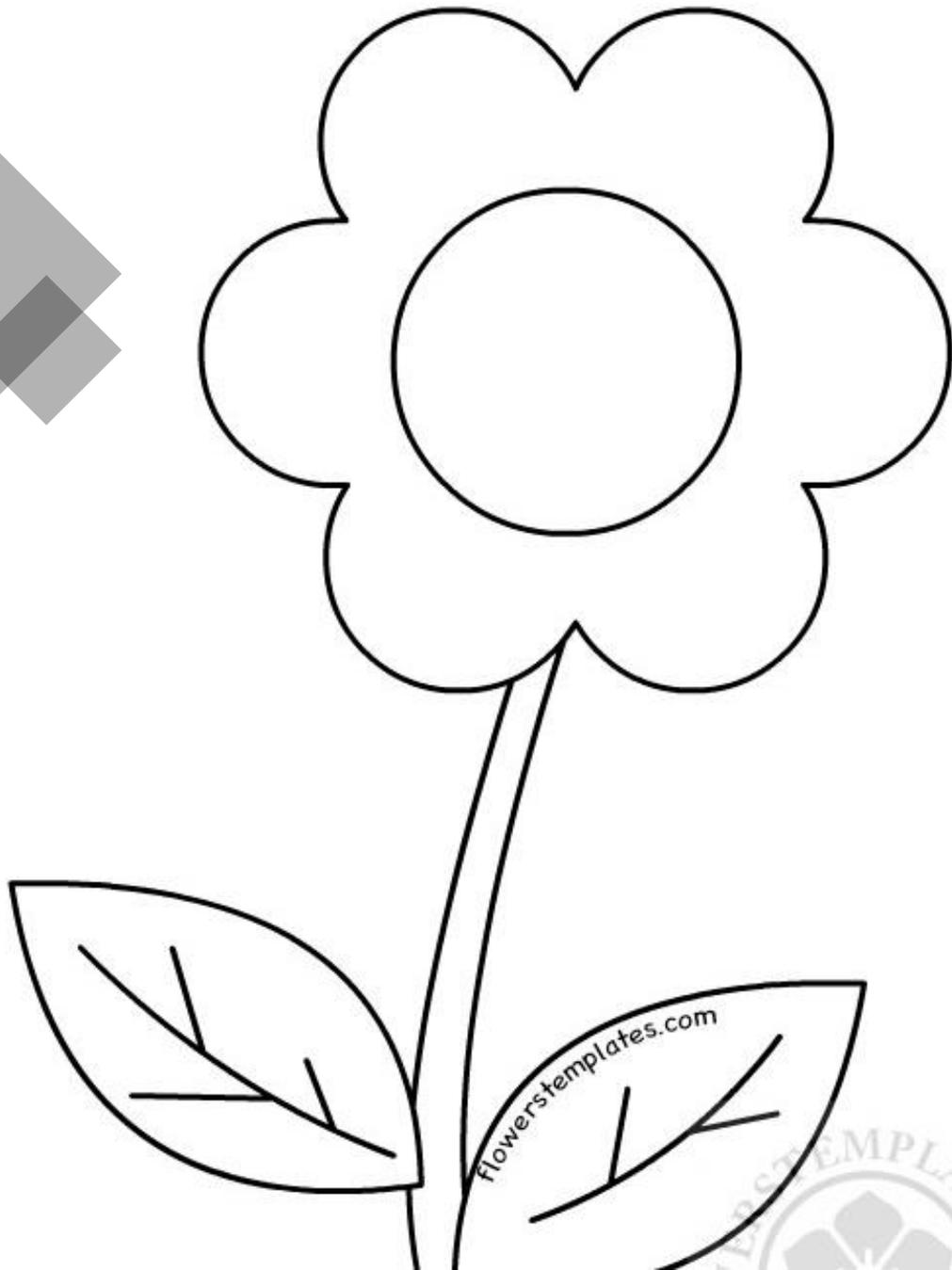
We are just looking at the conjugation (forming) of regular AR verbs today.



How do we conjugate (form) the present tense of an AR verb in Spanish ?

Using a pen and paper, go through each of the steps and make notes.

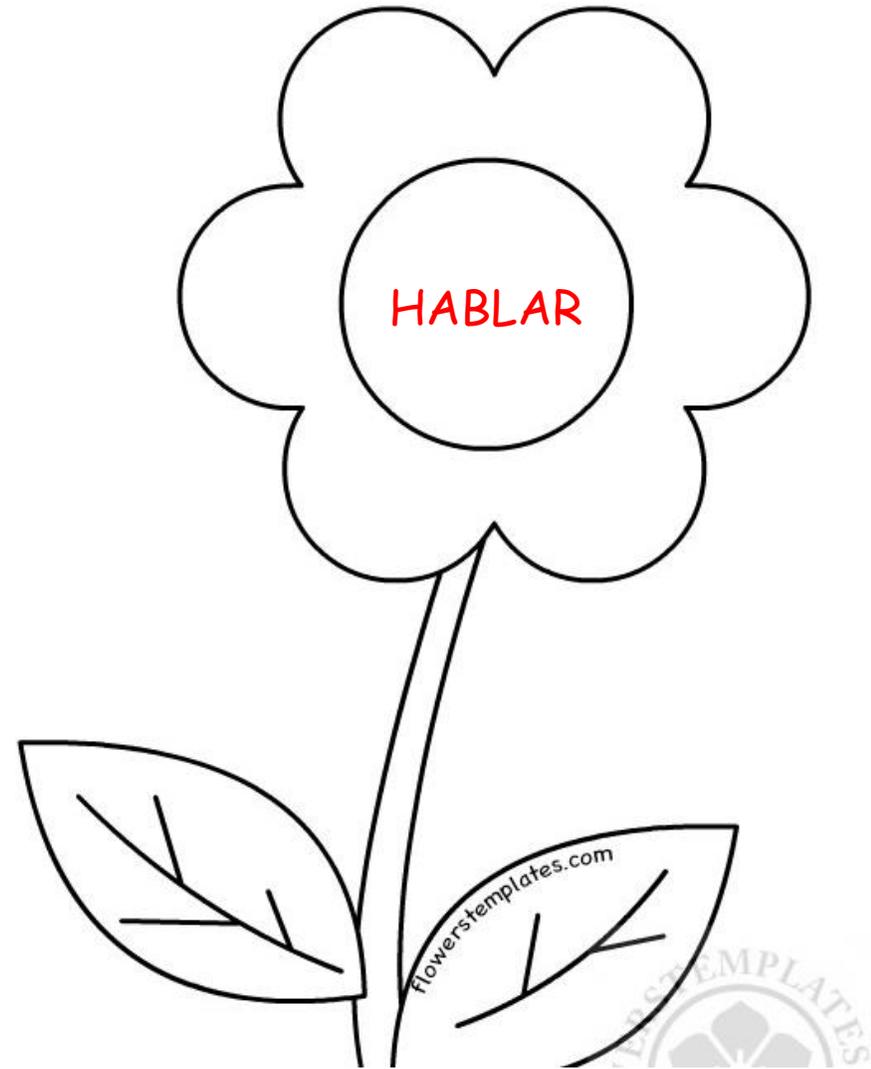
Let's imagine a flower ..



Step 1

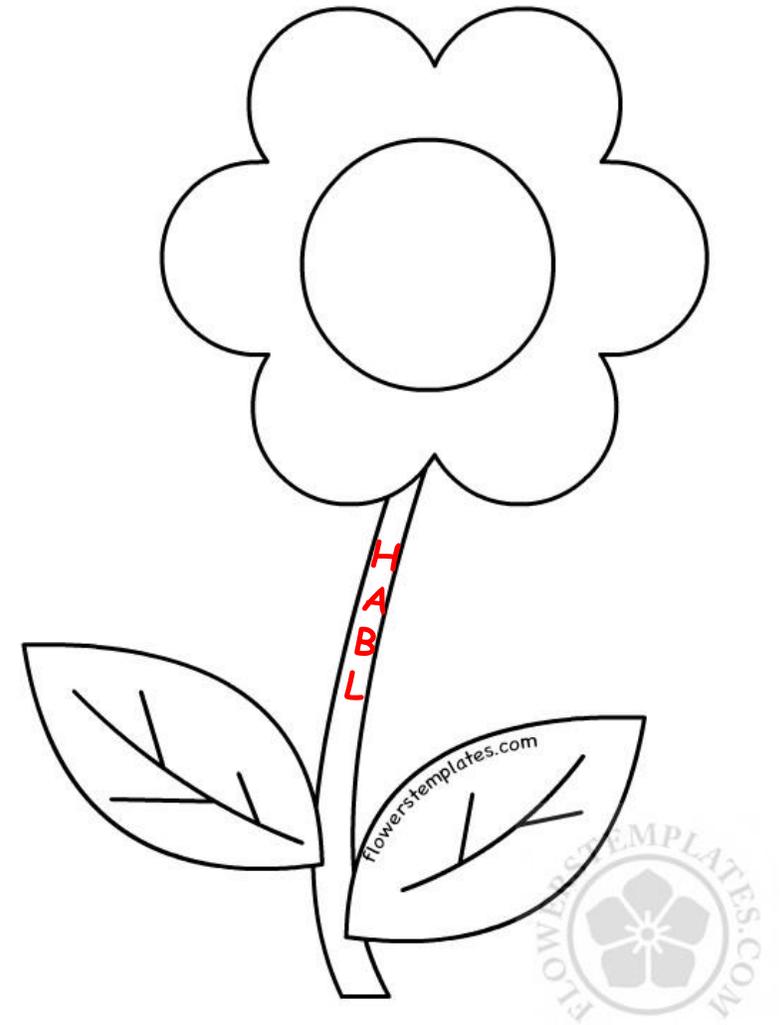
Take the infinitive (the whole verb)

HABLAR (to speak)



Step 2

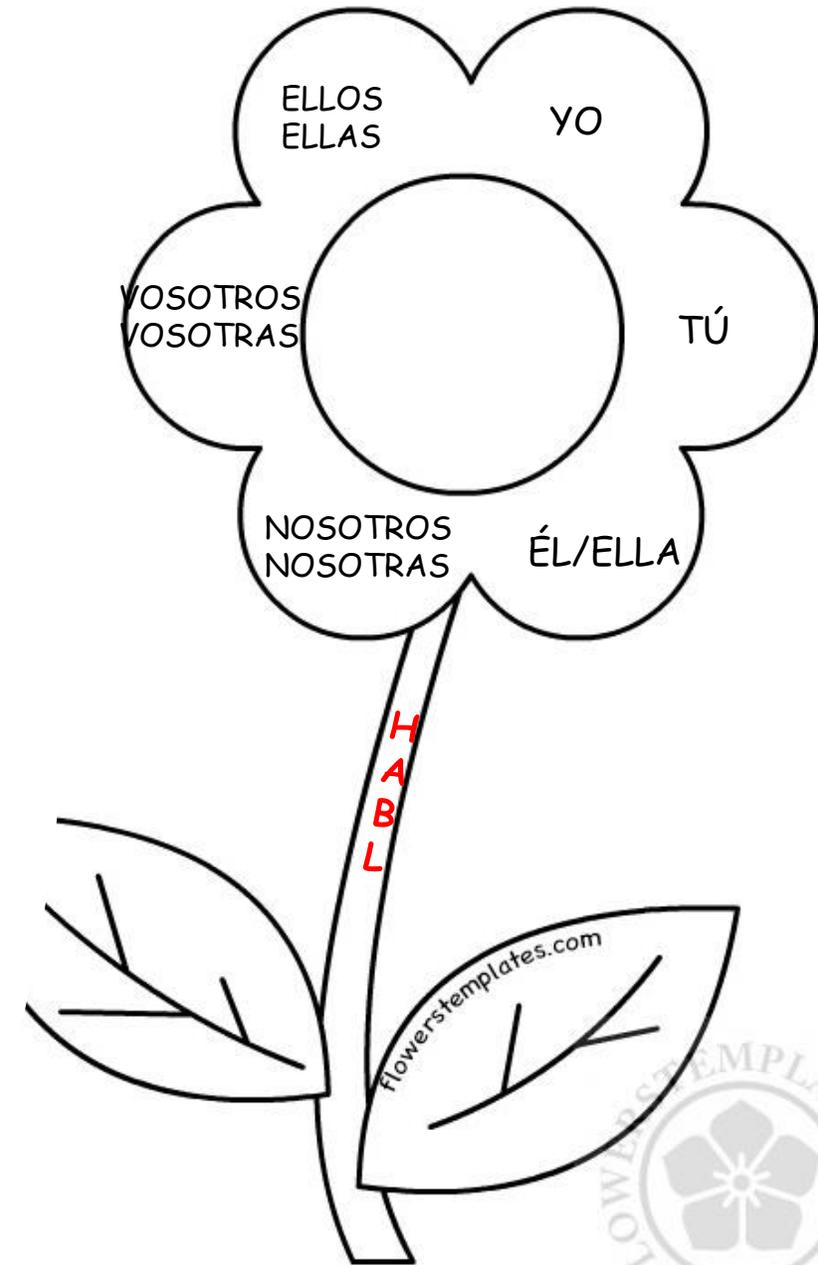
Cut off the ar to get the stem HABL...



Step 3

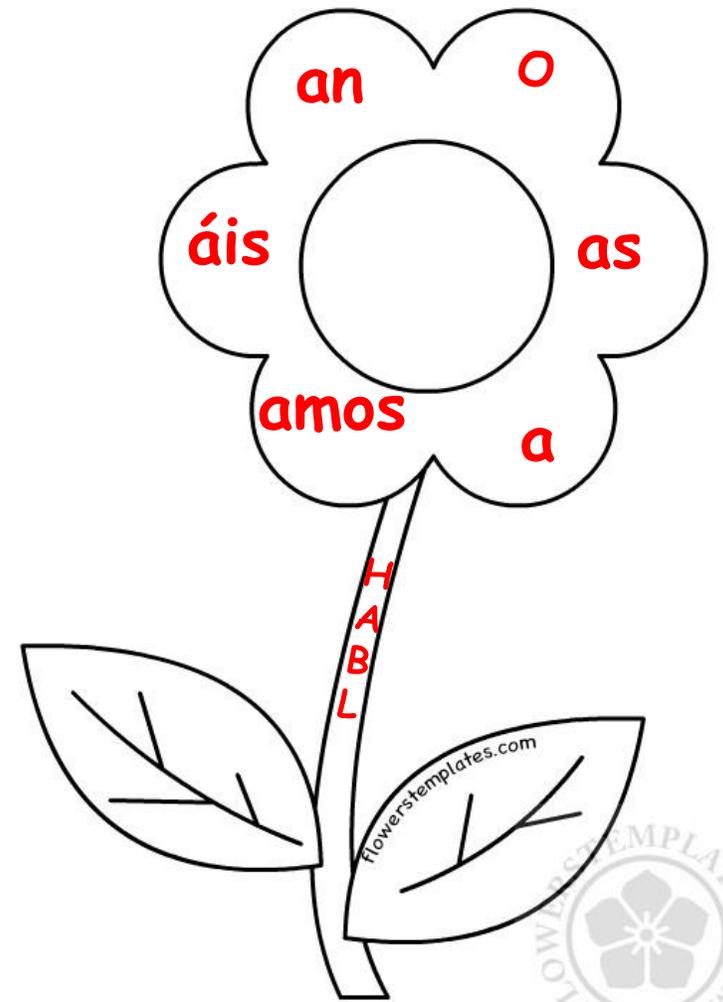
Bee- come a person

(here, you have to remember the subject pronouns, so you know which person the verb is referring to)



Step 4

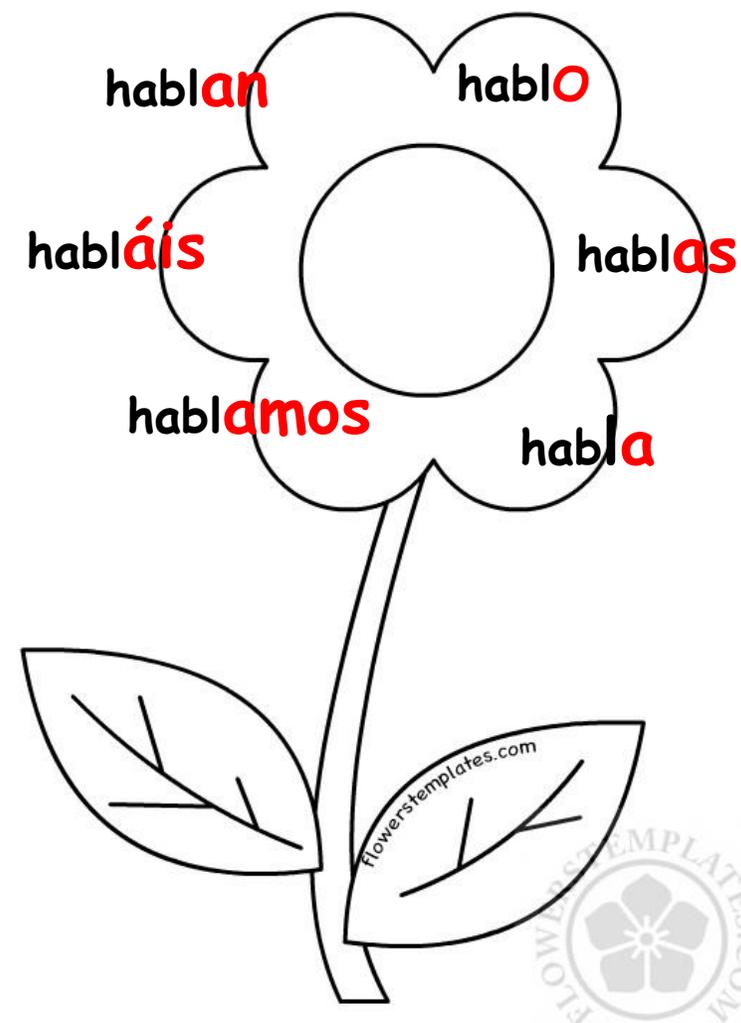
Add these endings to the stem, habl.



Step 5

You have conjugated (formed) the verb "HABLAR" in the present tense!

Repeat those steps, until you think you've got a good idea of them.





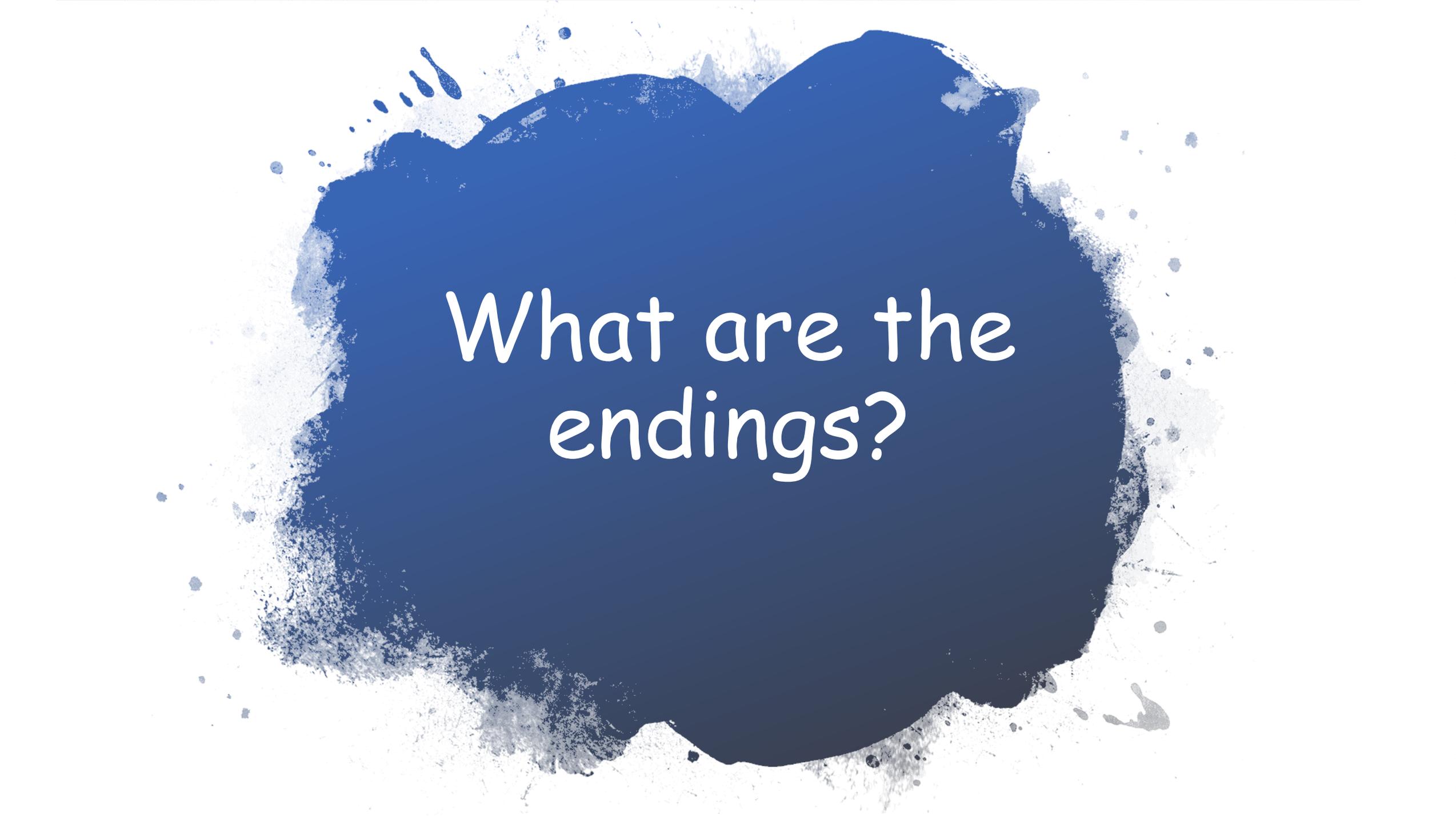
Now try it on
your own!

Hablar
To speak

What is the
stem?



The stem is
HABL



What are the
endings?



The endings are ...

O

AS

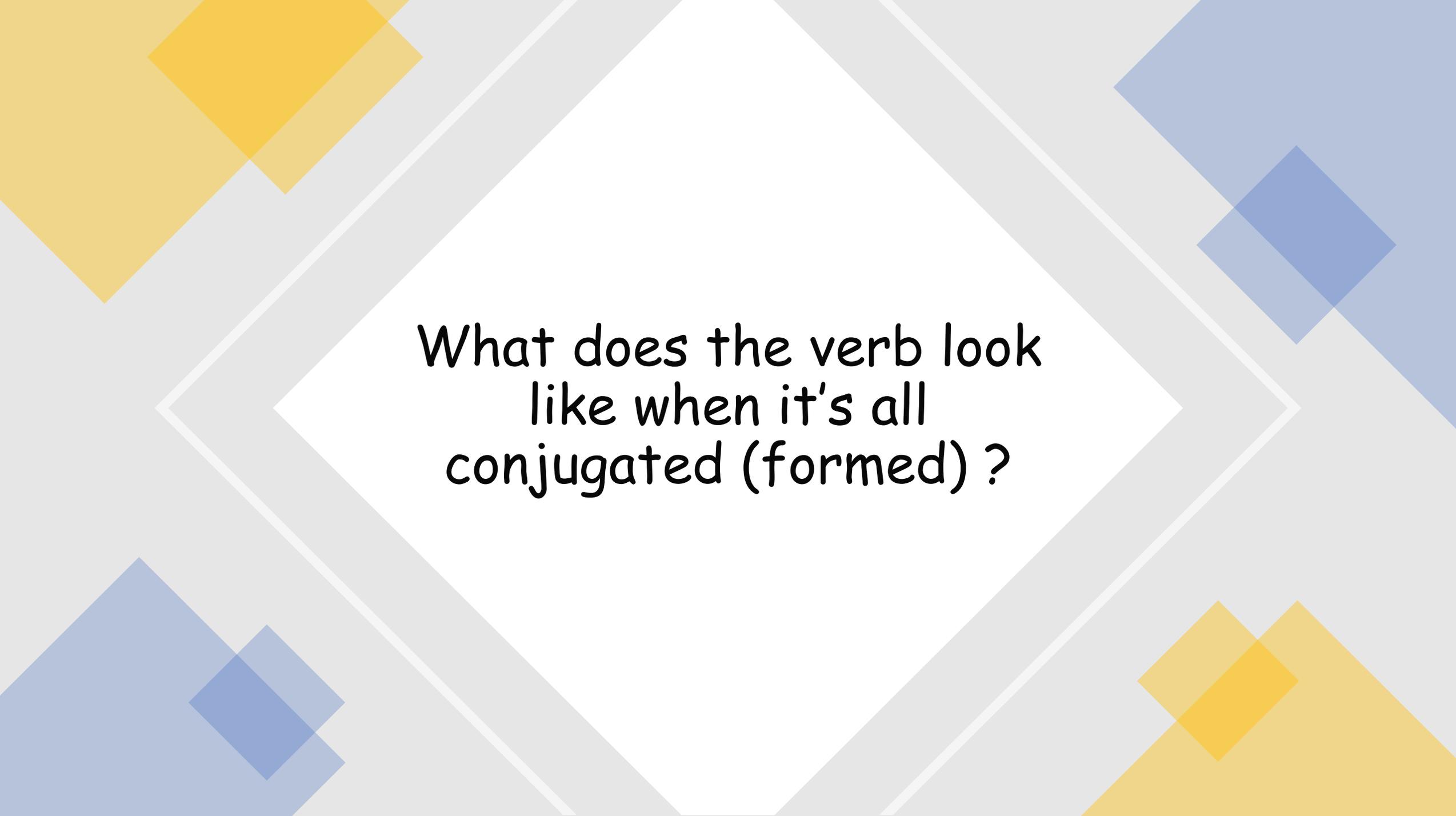
A

AMOS

ÁIS

AN





What does the verb look
like when it's all
conjugated (formed) ?



Hablar = To speak

hablo I speak

hablas you (singular) speak

habla he/she/it/speaks

hablamos we speak

habláis you (plural) speak

hablan they speak



Last week, I told you that we use subject pronouns in English, but in Spanish they aren't used very often. Have you worked out why?

In Spanish, all of the endings added to the stem of the verb are different, so we can tell who is speaking. In the case of AR verbs, it's as follows:

O = I ending

AS = You (talking to one person) ending

A = He/She (and also It) ending

AMOS = We ending

ÁIS = You (talking to more than one person) ending

AN = They ending

HOWEVER ...

In English, if we didn't use subject pronouns, we wouldn't know who was talking.

Let's look at the verb that we have used today in English:

I speak

You speak

He/she/it speaks

We speak

They speak

- If we took the subject pronouns away, we wouldn't know who was doing the talking! We would just be left with **speak and speaks**.



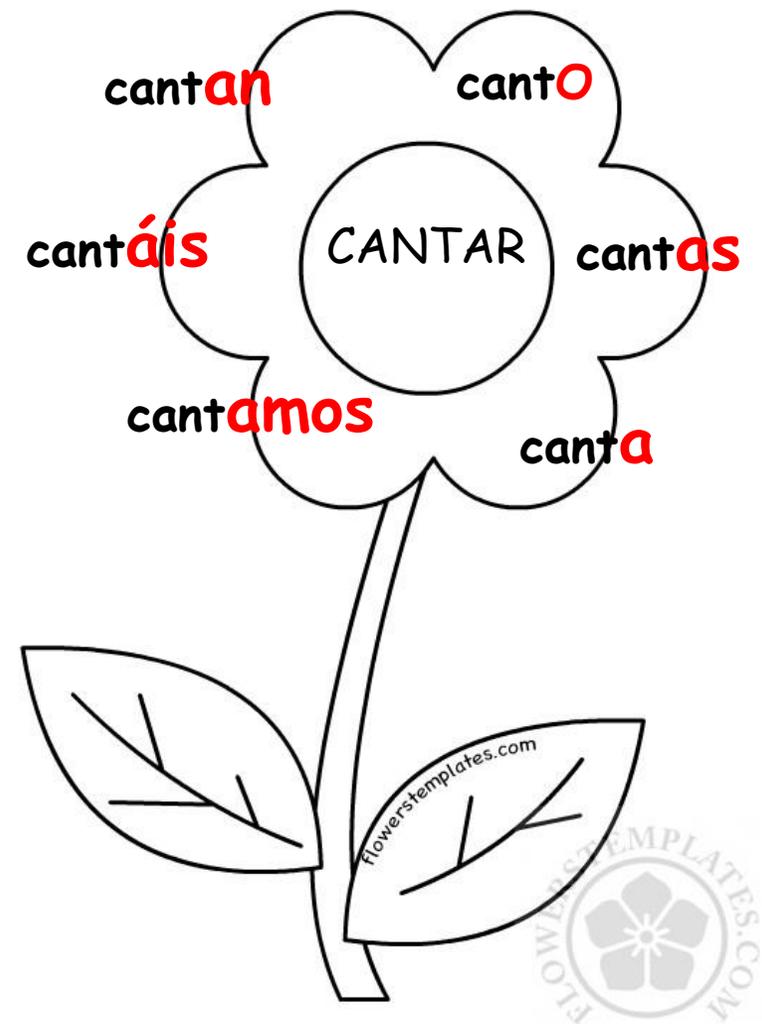
By following the previous steps can you work out how to conjugate this regular AR verb in Spanish?
The answer is on the next slide.

CANTAR
(to sing)

Respuesta - Answer

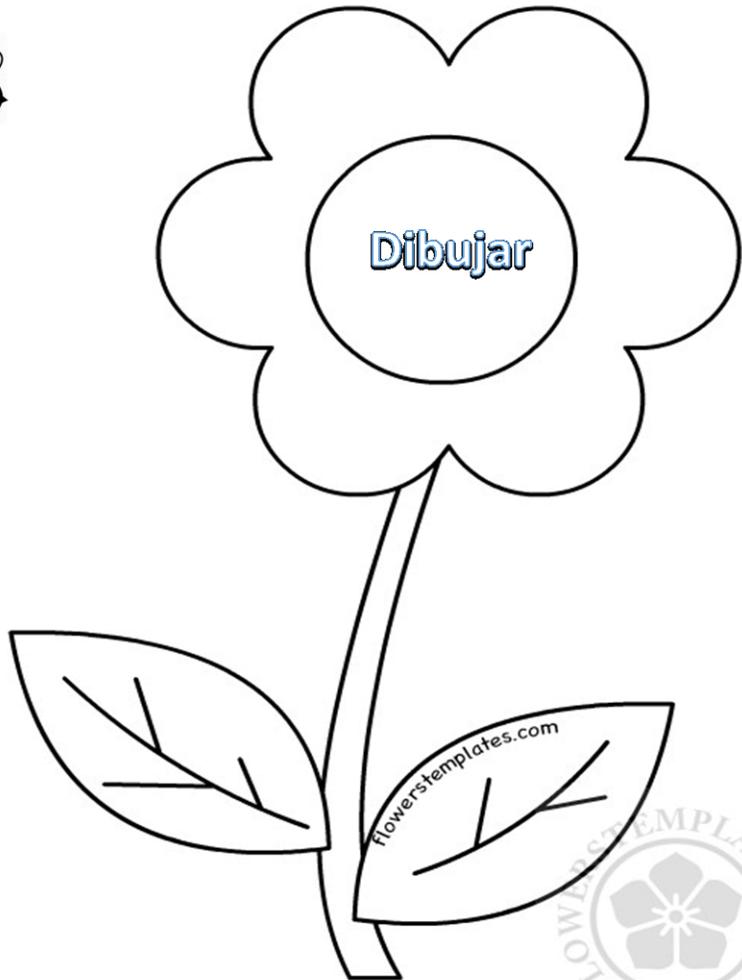
You have conjugated (formed) the verb
"CANTAR" in the present tense!

Did you remember the accent on **áis**?

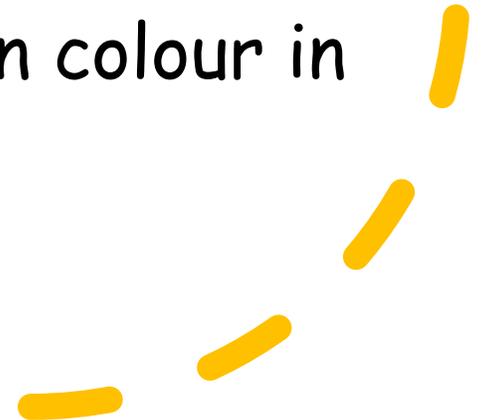


Los Verbos Regulares

en el Presente



- It's time for the activity sheet. If you can, print it off, you need to:
- Conjugate (form) the verb "Dibujar" (to draw) in the present tense in SPANISH. Write it in the correct part of the flower. Look at the next slide if you need some help.
- Slide 27 will help you with the fecha. (date)
- When you've finished you can colour in the activity sheet.





Activity Sheet Help

These are the answers, but they aren't in the right order.

Dibuja = He/she/it draws

Dibujo = I draw

Dibujan = They draw

Dibujamos = We draw

Dibujas = You draw (singular)

Dibujáis = You draw (plural)



Activity Sheet Help

When you are writing the date,
choose the correct day and
month:

lunes

martes

miércoles

jueves

viernes

sábado

domingo

Remember: DAYS OF THE WEEK
AND MONTHS OF THE YEAR DO
NOT START WITH CAPITALS
IN SPANISH!!!!!!

enero

febrero

marzo

abril

mayo

junio

julio

agosto

septiembre

octubre

noviembre

diciembre



¡Hasta la próxima lección!
See you soon for the next lesson!
¡Cuidaos! - Take Care!
Señora Interian

Don't worry, if you can't remember all of the verb endings. They need a lot of practice, and as with the subject pronouns, you will learn them more thoroughly in Y7.